Morning Oregonian.

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The Daily Oregonian.

WILLIAM L. PITTOCK, Proprietor.

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Subscribers should renew at least two weeks before the time for which they have paid has expired, as the name is then dropped from the list unless ordered to be continued at the end of that time. Specimen copies sent free on application.

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And all castings and machinery made to order.
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POLICIES EXEMPT FROM EXECUTION.
Cash Assets, over.....$2,250,000
SECURELY INVESTED.
Over 12,000 Members.
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All Policies and Dividends Non-Forfeitable.
Over 5,000 Policies issued in 1868
THIS COMPANY POSSESSES A COMBINATION of desirable features which no other organization can claim. Its growth has been steady, its success marked. Its system of business is *pre-eminently adapted to benefit the holders of its Policies*
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FOR BUYING AND SHIPPING DIRECT AND FOR Storage and Sale of Exports.
Orders and Consignments respectfully solicited.
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From Bankers, Insurance Agents, Patent Medicine Depots, Printing Offices, Book Binders, Libraries and Business Houses,
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FRONT STREET,
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DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND ACCOUNTS KEPT subject to Check or Draft.
INTEREST allowed on TIME DEPOSITS or TRUST FUNDS in sums of One Dollar and upwards from Date of Deposit.
MONEY LOANED on approved Security
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COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.
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FIRST
NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND.
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT!
THIS BANK has established in connection with its general Banking business a SAVINGS DEPARTMENT, and will allow interest on coin deposits made in accordance with the conditions adopted by this Bank.
In establishing a SAVINGS DEPARTMENT this Banking Association has in view the benefits to accrue to a class of persons having small sums to loan, by providing a safe place of deposit, ample security and fair rate of interest, as well as to aggregate and bring into use idle capital.
For the safety of deposits to this Bank, are pledged its entire capital and resources, and also the personal liability of its Directors and Stockholders, as provided by Section 12 of the National Currency Act, approved June 3d, 1864, a greater security than that given by ordinary Savings Banks. Printed copies of the conditions upon which deposits are received, may be had upon application to the Bank.
HENRY FAILING, President.
JAMES STEEL, Cashier.
Directors:
HENRY FAILING, HENRY W. CORBETT,
H. H. WAKEFIELD, JAMES STEEL,
W. J. VAN SCHUYVER.
Portland, October 8th, 1869. dtf

THE BANK
OF
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Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid up Capital.....$1,562,500.
WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO
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HEAD OFFICE—5 EAST INDIA AVENUE, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON.
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IN VANCOUVER ISLAND, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SAN FRANCISCO and PORTLAND.
AGENCIES,
IN NEW YORK, CANADA, SCOTLAND & IRELAND.
DRAFTS issued on all the Branches and Agencies; Approved bills negotiated or collected. Interest allowed on Deposits.
EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager.
Portland, April 10, 1867. dtf

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UNION
Insurance Company
OF SAN FRANCISCO,
Nos. 416 and 418 CALIFORNIA ST.
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
CASH CAPITAL, $750,000
DEPOSIT IN OREGON, $50,000.
Losses Promptly and Equitably Adjusted and Paid in Gold Coin.
THIS COMPANY HAVING COMPLIED WITH the laws of Oregon, by making a Deposit of Fifty Thousand Dollars, is now prepared to effect Insurance against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE, and also against MARINE AND INLAND NAVIGATION RISKS on liberal terms.
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President.
CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary
General Agency for Oregon and Washington,
FIRST NATIONAL BANK.
E. D. BACKENSTOS, Special Agent,
93 Front Street.
Portland, September 23, 1869. s22dtf

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R. PITTOCK,
NO. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET,
Opposite Lower Steamship Landing
and Corner First and Morrison Streets,
Wholesale and Retail manufacturer of
BREAD,
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CRACKERS,
PILOT BREAD, PIES, CAKES, &c., &c.
and all kinds of
STEAMBOAT AND SHIP STORES,
Family Groceries,
FEED, FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c., &c.
Bread and Stores delivered to any part of the City. Orders from a distance carefully filled and promptly dispatched
The business hereafter will be conducted STRICTLY ON THE CASH PRINCIPLE.

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SECOND ST., bet. Alder and Morrison,
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MANUFACTURERS OF
Marine, Stationary and Portable
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QUARTZ MILLS AND MINING MACHINERY;
Flouring Mills;
Stationary & Portable
SAW MILLS;
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And every variety of
MACHINERY, AND IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS
Duplicates of Mower and Reaper Castings constantly on hand.
McARTHUR, BACON, FRAZER & CO
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TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish constant employment at home the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50 cents to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address and test the business we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample, which will do to commence work on, and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader! if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., Augusta, Maine n17dawly

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H. W. CORBETT & CO
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Steamers.

NOTICE.
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PEOPLE'S TRANSPORTATION CO.'S
STEAMERS
ALERT AND SENATOR
WILL LEAVE PORTLAND DAILY (Sundays excepted), AT 6 O'CLOCK A. M. AND 2 O'CLOCK P. M. FOR
OREGON CITY,
CONNECTING AT 7 O'CLOCK A. M. WITH BOATS FOR
SALEM, ALBANY,
AND CORVALLIS,
ON
MONDAY, TUESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY
AND FOR
Dayton, Lafayette and McMinnville,
ON
MONDAY, WEDNESDAY & FRIDAY.
A. A. McCULLY, President.
November 27, 1869. n23dtf

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO'S
NOTICE!
THE BOATS OF THE COMPANY WILL leave Portland as follows:
FOR DALLES—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 5 o'clock A. M.
FOR UMATILLA AND WALLULA—Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 A. M
FOR ASTORIA—Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 o'clock A. M
FOR MONTICELLO—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 o'clock A. M.
N. B.—BOATS FOR TRANSPORTATION OF STOCK in readiness when business offers
J. C. AINSWORTH,
d4dtf Pres't O. S. N. Co.

STR. CARRIE
WILL LEAVE WASHINGTON STREET WHARF for
MONTICELLO AND FREEPORT
On Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday,
At 8 o'clock A. M.
RETURNING—Will leave Monticello at 7 o'clock A. M. on
Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
On MONDAYS and TUESDAYS will run the Columbia river side of the Island, touching at QUINN'S LANDING, LEWIS RIVER; also, LAKE RIVER LANDINGS.
For Freight or Passage apply on board.
Portland, November 2, 1869. o14dlm

HOAGLAND'S
NEW PATENT SHAFT COUPLING!
W. E. COOPER
HAS PURCHASED THE RIGHT FOR THIS County of the above Patent, and will hereafter use it in the construction of all the Vehicles manufactured at his extensive
Carriage Factory,
Corner of Second and Morrison Streets.
He respectfully refers to the following
CARD.
Having examined the New Patent Shaft Coupling, invented by H. B. Hoagland, we feel pleasure in informing the public that in our opinion it is the safest and best method of connecting shafts or tongues to all vehicles that has ever been used.
It fastens without bolt or screw, and is therefore, easily and speedily separated. It rests on Gutta Percha so as to be entirely free from the rattling sound which so often distracts restless horses. It is easily changed so that the shafts or tongue may be detached in an instant, and is convenient, safe and secure.
It is easy to change to this style of coupling any buggy or other vehicle now in use, and with small expense. We have come to the conclusion to use this new invention ourselves and recommend its use in all cases. We consider it far superior to the Brewster Patent, heretofore considered the best in use.

J. A. CHAPMAN,	JOHN McKEAN
H. D. GREEN	L. O. FULLER,
H. C. LEONARD,	L. F. W. QUIMBY,
MILLER & ACKER.	WM. BIRKLOOE,
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CHAS. P. BACON,	GEO. WILLIAMS,
C. BILLS,	C HOPKINS,

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SPORTSMEN'S EMPORIUM!
Guns, Pistols,
FISHING TACKLE.
126 FRONT STREET,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
WM. BECK,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN FIRE ARMS OF every description, Fishing Tackle and Fancy Goods, etc., begs to inform the public that he has just received a new stock of goods direct from New York, comprising Bead Baskets, Bead Jewelry and Beads of all kinds, Ladies' Traveling and Work Baskets, Babies' Carriages, three and four wheels; also a fine assortment of Bird Cages, Fishing Rods, Hooks, Hawks and Lines of all kinds, also the following new style Revolvers: Eagle, Smith & Wesson's, Sharp's, My Friend, National, Ladies' Companion, Allen's, Marston's, Remington's, Manhattan, Southerner's and Cooper's. Winchester's Repeating Rifles, eighteen shooters, and a complete stock of Sporting Apparatus.
ALSO,
Agent for the Wheeler & Wilson Improved Family Sewing Machines. Machines repaired and warranted.
Orders from the country promptly filled. jan1dtf

DR. ABORN,

OCULIST, AURIST,
AND
CATARRH, THROAT & LUNG
PHYSICIAN.
Consulting and Operating Apartments,
No. 22 KEARNEY STREET,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

From Hon. James A. Johnson, Member of Congress.
TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—Having been a sufferer from Catarrh and a severe Bronchial Affection for more than seven years, and having found great relief by submitting myself to Dr. Aborn's treatment for a few days only, I take pleasure in saying, Dr. Aborn, with his new and improved instruments for local application to the lungs, air passages, eyes and ears, should encourage all who are afflicted in those parts to cherish a lively hope that they may find quick and permanent relief.
Very truly, JAMES A. JOHNSON, M. C. Cal
n16dawtf

H. W. CORBETT & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
AMERICAN AND ENGLISH
HARDWARE,
53 Front St., Corner of Oak,
j6 PORTLAND, OREGON. tf

By Overland Telegraph.

[DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.]

EASTERN DATES TO DECEMBER 7.

Meeting of Congress—Bills Introduced.

CHICAGO, Dec. 6.—The Senate met at noon, 54 members present. Drake introduced a bill regulating and defining jurisdiction of the Courts of the United States, and prohibiting any Court from declaring any act or joint resolution of Congress with reference to reconstruction, invalid on account of supposed unconstitutionality.

Williams introduced a bill regulating the importation of Chinese and making it a penal offence for any party to enter into a contract for bringing Chinese into the country; but the bill does not forbid voluntary immigration.

Several bills relating to the admission of Georgia, were introduced, also one removing all political disabilities incurred on account of participation in the rebellion, when the Fifteenth Amendment shall be duly ratified and become a part of the Constitution.

Undinished business pending at the close of the last session came up, being the question of compensation of the North Carolina Senators.

The President's Message was received and read. Sumner moved to print 5100,000 copies. Referred to Committee on Printing.

Senate held a short Executive session and soon after adjourned.

Revenue Appointment.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Gen. R. R. Cowan is appointed Supervisor of Internal Revenue for California, Utah, Arizona and Nevada, vice Hall resigned.

Texas Election.

JEFFERSON, Dec. 5.—Bowie, Davis and Cass counties give Davis 612 majority. All votes cast are for the Constitution. Half the whites did not vote.

AUSTIN, Dec. 6.—The Constitution is carried almost unanimously. One third of the voters were not out. The Legislature will ratify the fifteenth amendment.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Dec. 6.—Col. Sharp, late of the Arkansas Militia, was waylaid by a party of men in Lawrence county last week and shot almost dead. He succeeded in escaping. Some have no hopes of his recovery.

House Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—House met at noon; quorum present. Objection was made to receiving Shervard and Fox, members from Alabama, and they were not sworn.

After a brief recess the President's Message was received and read. That portion relating to Georgia received applause on the Republican side of the house.

Messrs. Chaves, of New Mexico, Garfindle, of Washington Territory, and the Delegates from Montana and Wyoming were sworn in.

Farnsworth introduced a bill declaring that Virginia had complied with all the reconstruction acts of Congress, and authorizing the immediate admission of Representatives from that State.

New England Dispatches.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Dec. 7.—W. S. Smith, Workingmen's candidate, is elected Mayor. Republicans have a majority in the City Council.

LAWRENCE, Dec. 7.—Melvin, Democrat, is elected Mayor.

HAVERHILL, Dec. 7.—Whitely, Republican, is elected Mayor.

The "Herald" on the Message.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—The *Herald* says Grant's Message is that of an honest, clear-headed, practical man. In the reconstruction business he simply looks to the execution of the laws. His plea for funding—

[The line would work no further yesterday. We hope to be able to give the President's Message to-morrow.—ED.]

The Chinese in Our Pacific States.

THEIR NUMBER AND INFLUENCE.

The following facts are collated from a lengthy report, prepared by the Secretary of the San Francisco Chinese Protection Society, and are of much interest at this time, as furnishing reliable statistics relating to these people.

THEIR POLITICAL ECONOMY.

There is no people in the world who conduct their business more systematically than the Chinese. These here, from the richest merchant to the most wretched looking rag-picker, are all directly or indirectly under the supervision of what are known as the "Six Companies," organizations similar in their operations to our express companies. These companies are managed by Boards of Trustees, residing here, but having their chief offices in China, who are directly under the control of the Chinese Government. The managers of the branches here keep a record of every man, woman and child who arrives in the State, also, a list of all who return, die or leave the State, consequently it is not difficult to ascertain the actual number in California through the books of these "Six Companies." The number of dead is obtained by the number of bones exported to China. The companies employ a large force of men to collect the remains of their countrymen, wherever they can be found. These bone gatherers send their collections from all the adjoining States and Territories for shipment by steamer to Hongkong, no Chinaman so poor or degraded as to have his bones unhonored. The bones of every Chinaman who dies on the passage to this country are preserved and sent back. No Chinese are buried at sea.

The six companies collect and remit to China the savings of the Chinese, aggregating from $20,000 to $100,000 by each steamer. This amount is made up of thousands of small sums from $2 to $100, which are sent by the poorer class of Chinamen to their parents or friends, either as presents or to aid them in coming to this country, precisely as our Irish and German fellow-citizens have, to their honor, been doing for years. There come also carry thousands of small packages of American and European manufactured goods, sent as presents to the "old folks at home." These "Friendship Offerings" are distributed throughout the whole Chinese Empire, and are more effective instruments for introducing some of our "Yankee Notions" than either ministers or missionaries. The objection to the Chinese coming to this State, on the ground that they are "Coolies," or not free agents, is so surely refuted, that it is remarkable that such a delusion should be entertained by any citizen of the United States. No Chinese emigrant can leave any of the Chinese ports for this country without a permit from the resident American Consul, whose duty it is to see that every one of them goes on board free and to satisfy himself of that fact before giving his seal to their pass. In this State there is an Emigration Agent, whose duty it is to see that those who arrive are the same that were passed by the Consul in China. Our State laws would prohibit their landing were they not free when they arrived here. They are no more "coolies" or "peons" because they come here under the auspices of business men of their own nation, than would be the immigrants to be brought here from Europe by the International Immigrant Union, the officers of which are now soliciting funds in this city, to bring over female servants from Germany, England, Ireland and Scotland.

THE NUMBER OF CHINESE ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

As already stated, the six companies keep a record of the arrival, death or departure of the Chinese in the State. From these records we obtain the following figures:

Company.	Arrived.	Returned.	Dead.	Remain on coast.	In City.
Ning Yeung	46,867	16,262	2,427	27,118	10,776
Yeung Wo	29,207	4,26.	2,095	20,720	9,250
Sam Yup	15,023	3,202	987	10,834	6,875
Hop Wo	22,062	4,467	1,858	15,737	7,750
See Yup	19,111	3,015	1,050	16,046	8,270
Sam On	4,078	1,112	283	2,683	600
Total	136,586	37,323	10,420	89,837	43,521

Those who remain in the United States, but have left California, are distributed as follows:

In Nevada	7,000
In Montana	12,000
In Idaho	10,000
In Oregon	8,000
Along Pacific Railroad	8,500
In Colorado, Utah and Southern States	4,000
Total	49,500

THE NUMBER IN CALIFORNIA.

Of the 41,000 in this State there are

Females	4,000
Children and boys	3,000
In State Prison	80
In various county jails	140
Old and decrepid	1,000
	8,800

Leaving 32,500 active adult males, of whom about 14,000 are located in the city of San Francisco, where there are also 2,750 females and about 700 children, cripples and old people.

THEIR OCCUPATIONS IN SAN FRANCISCO.

Merchants or connected with mercantile firms	370
Restaurants, butchers, bakers, etc.	250
Laundrymen	700
Peddlers of fish, vegetables, etc	210
Fishermen	50
Tinsmiths	25
Carpenters and box makers	40
Artists and Photographers	10
Tailors	15
Laborers	1,000
Cigar makers	2,750
Rag and offal gatherers	50
Shoemakers	250
Factory and mill hands	1,500
Domestic servants	4,500
Miscellaneous occupations	500
Total	14,000

THEIR OCCUPATIONS IN THE INTERIOR NOT EITHER

Of those in the interior counties (24,000) there are:

Females	2,500
Children	500
Old, maimed and in jail	1,000
Total	4,000

Leaving 18,850 active adult males, of whom there are:

Storekeepers and traders	1,500
Miners	6,500
Farm hands, wood choppers, etc.	2,500
Domestic servants and cooks	1,000
Laborers and various classes	4,000
Factory and mill hands	1,500
Miscellaneous employments	850
Total	18,850

There are also about 100 Japanese of all ages and both sexes in this State. But these are as distinct from the Chinese as the Chinese are from Europeans and are not included in this report.

THE NUMBER ARRIVED IN 1869.

Ship's Name.	Date.	Number.
Golden Horn	March 30th	20
Douglas	April 27th	20
Shiptop	May 21st	253
National Eagle	June 3d	430
Helvetia	June 7th	433
Windward	June 27th	331
S. A. Palmer	June 27th	334
Old Dominion	July 4th	293
Parsee	July 16th	208
Edward	August 3d	200
Malay	August 14th	324
John L. Dimmock	August 16th	402
Mary	August 23d	400
Per steamers		3,402
Total		12,761

The above is somewhat in excess of the returns furnished the city papers through the Custom-house, because nearly every vessel bringing Chinese immigrants employs some of them as cooks, deck hands, and for other purposes, who are rated as part of the crew to avoid payment of the capitation tax of $5 levied on the immigrants here. For the same purpose it is the custom to count two boys as one man on the ship's manifest.

THE NUMBER LEFT THE STATE IN 1869.

Returned to China	3,461
Left by coasting vessels	1,076
Left by inland conveyance	7,767
Total	12,304

Less in State on 20th November than there were on 1st January, 1869, 343.

Mail steamer *Japan* arrived on the 22d, bringing 280 men and 250 women, but most of these are destined for the Southern States and Montana.

All the females come here on board the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's vessels, but that Company does not keep any record of the sex of this class of passengers. They are all classed under one general head of "Chinese passengers."

THE TRADE BETWEEN SAN FRANCISCO AND CHINA IN 1869.

Exports.		Value.
Treasure—Gold bars		$1,200,673
	Gold coin	616,102
	Silver bars	2,505,463
	Mexican dollars	2,905,468
	Total	$6,026,616
Produce—Flour, 92,313 qrks		554,892
	Wheat, centals, 18,481	24,041
	Barley, centals, 167	356
	Oats, centals, 2,805	5,343
	Quicksilver, flasks, 9,827	295,290
	Wine, packages, 535	1,703
	Lumber, M feet, 2,256	55,782
	Abalone shells	5,282
	Bones, packages, 357	3,999
	Hides, packages, 2,353	17,250
	Fruits, packages, 5,870	24,295
	Miscellaneous articles	200,000
Manufactured goods		1,200,000
		$2,440,961
Total, including treasure		$9,377,077

Imports.	Value.
Net silk, cases, 1,861	$120,939
Opium, lbs., 231,000	676,398
Rice, lbs., 27,328,000	893,067
Sugar, lbs., 1,035,400	102,540
Teas, lbs., 1,672,989	671,125
Miscellaneous goods	1,746,000
Total	$4,213,810
Other China ports	49,178,349
Total imports	$37,337,159

The above figures show that China is our best customer, because it leaves the balance of trade in our favor, during the past nine months to the amount of $5,163,758, and does not send us any article of manufactured goods which interferes with our local industry. Whereas, the balance of trade is always against us with England, Germany and France, from whence we import goods which come directly in competition with our local manufacturers.

THE BULLION TRADE OF CHINA.

Few persons have any clear conception of the extent of the Chinese bullion trade, which, owing to the geographical position of San Francisco, may by judicious management be controlled here. The imports of bullion into China during 1868, were:

Hongkong	Gold	$ 6,769,370
	Silver	23,158,000
	Mexican dollars	7,623,500
Total		$37,550,870
Other China ports		49,178,349
Total imports		$87,337,219

The general trade of Hongkong exceeds $100,000,000 annually. The fact that France, England and Germany are making stupendous efforts to secure this trade via the Pacific, as is evidenced by the operations of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company of Liverpool, the West India and Pacific Steamship Company of London, the *Compagnie Generale Trans Atlantique*, of France, and the steamers belonging to the North German Lloyd's, is proof that such an important trade which must enrich all classes of the country fortunate enough to control it, should not be driven from our doors by the ill treatment of those who control it. There is not a nation in Europe but would meet with open arms the very people we are legislating to drive away.

THE TREATMENT OF AMERICANS IN CHINA.

The contrast of the treatment our fellow citizens receive in China to what the Chinese receive in California is suggestive, though not very complimentary to the government of this State.

General Burlingame, who resided many years in China as American Consul at Chang Keang, in a lecture before the Chamber of Commerce in this city, a couple of years ago, stated that Americans received greater kindness at the hands of the Chinese than the people of any other nation. The appointment of an American citizen to represent the Court of China in all the courts of the civilized world, the granting American citizens exclusive rights to navigate the leading rivers of the country with steamers, the conceding to the United States privileges peaceably, which other nations only obtained by costly wars, are proofs of this fact. The Chinese Government has paid not only the full amount claimed by American citizens for damages sustained at the hands of the people of that country, but a surplus of $200,000 is now in the hands of Mr Burlingame with which it is intended to found an American College in China. Is it sound business or politic to subject or maltreat the inhabitants of such a friendly nation, and such a good customer for American goods?

THE INFLUENCE OF THE CHINESE IN CALIFORNIA.

Aside from prejudice which proceeds from ignorance there is nothing in the habits or customs of the Chinese calculated to injure the morals or business of any intelligent American community. Their bitterest opponents credit them with being "industrious, intelligent and frugal." They are remarkably sober. There are not half a dozen cases on record of their being drunk. They are certainly clean in their personal habits, do not interfere with their neighbor's business, are not quarrelsome, and pay their debts with a punctuality that might be imitated with advantage by other people. They are as religious in their way as the majority of the inhabitants of this city, and their system of marriage, if not in accordance with our notions, is not much worse than Mormonism and Free Love. It can scarcely be believed that 4,680 of them would be employed as domestic servants in some of the most respectable families, if their conduct was not as good as that of other servants. They are very zealous in their efforts to learn our habits and customs. Hundreds of them attend our Sunday schools, and seek to drink from the fountain of living Truth. Many of them attend the evening classes in our public schools, and nearly two hundred of them employ private teachers to learn our language and literature. Several among them speak English, French, Spanish and German, with much fluency. Can such a people be an injury to any country?

Till they got mixed up with politics, there was little objection to them. In early days they were treated with consideration, and were invited to form part of public processions in this city. Even now, the very men who abuse them from the stump, to please a certain class of voters, employ them in their homes in preference to the sisters, daughters or wives of said voters. There is scarcely a prominent Democrat in this city but employs Chinamen.

WHO GAINS MOST BY THEIR PRESENCE HERE.

It is a great mistake on the part of the laboring classes to imagine that the Chinamen injure white laborers. If the supply of labor decreased its value in proportion to its low price, the United States would be the worst country in the world for laboring men, because their has been a steady stream of laborers from all countries pouring into them for nearly half a century. Labor has increased in value by the influx of this mixed bone and muscle, till the United States is the laborer's paradise. The advent of the Chinese will not alter the law which causes the demand for labor to increase with its supply.

The working classes derive most of their benefit of the cheap labor of the Chinese. The price of fruits, vegetables, meats, butter, coarse clothing, cigars, board and lodgings is made lower by the aid of these people, and most every branch of manufactures would secure their cheap labor.

Their influence on business is demonstrated by the efforts made to secure their custom. Most of the large American stores and warehouses have Chinese signs in their windows and keep Chinese clerks to attend to the Chinese business. The idea that they live on rice and garbage is too absurd to deserve notice. Such among them as can afford good living enjoy it as much as any class in community. The dinners set by the late Governor Haight and his friends was equal to any banquet given by Europeans in this city, in point of extravagance and luxury, if not according to American taste.

THE CHINESE PROTECTION SOCIETY.

I cannot conclude this extract from my report without giving some account of the Society for whom it was written. The abuse of the Chinese in the streets of the city had become so general among a certain class, and the police authorities were so lax in their efforts to put a stop to the disgraceful scenes which were almost daily enacted, that a movement was made by a number of merchants and humane christians for that purpose. A society was formed by which a force of active police officers have been engaged and paid for the special object of protecting the Chinese. These officers patrol the city day and night; each has a distance under charge, and is responsible for the apprehension and conviction of every person who molests the Chinese. The officers make a written report daily of the occurrences on his beat, giving the names and residences of men and boys who have molested them. No arrests are made except in cases where there is abundant evidence to insure conviction. A great many persons have been notified that they are being "looked after," and where the have been [illegible] six of whom are now in jail [illegible] their sentences. It is a significant fact, in this connection, that every person arrested is an Irishman, and the children who give the officers the most trouble are of Irish parentage. The policy pursued by the officers of the Society of preventing outrages by being on the alert for the perpetrators, and vigorously prosecuting them when ar

The Daily Oregonian

WEDNESDAY MORNING, DEC 8, 1869

That Internal Revenue Decision

Every now and then some trifling matter comes up which is a perfect godsend to the Democratic press of Oregon As a general rule editors of that party have nothing to make leaders of but old stories about Hiram Grant s pups and horses ' which they hash over and over again for the edification and enlightenment of the Democratic mind Reduced therefore as they are to these desperate straits, whenever they can find an opportunity to misrepresent the tax laws and enlarge on ' the infamy of the infernal revenue bureau, —as one of their elegant phrases goes,—they jump at it with the greatest eagerness They supposed recently that they had made a discovery of the most wonderful importance that they had finally succeeded in fastening upon the "Radicals' a charge of oppression and wrongdoing which would "open the people a eyes ' and convince them at last,—as another elegant phrase goes —of the "hideous infamy and grinding tyranny of Radicalism " That imperfect report brought by the telegraph, to the effect that the Internal Revenue Bureau had decided that no farmer could go to market and sell his produce without first obtaining a broker's license, was a precious acquisition for our Democratic editors who had long been finding it so difficult to strain ideas for leading articles from hard bound brains Accordingly they all fired up with the great theme and wrote articles by the yard upon it. An Albany merchant appealed to the Internal Revenue office in this city for information touching the subject, and got the reply that the ruling of the Bureau at Washington does not apply to those farmers who go to market with the products of their own farms to sell them in the ordinary way, but to those who buy and sell the products of other farms, or who sell the products of their own farms away from the place of production, as at a store or stand. But this statement of the case does not satisfy such papers as the *Herald*. Of course not, for the *Herald* is not going to give up such a point as it is trying to make for any such trifling obstacle as its disagreement with facts. So that paper responds in this style '

Our morning cotemporary, for answer to the point made by Democratic papers on the decision of the Internal Revenue Bureau, relating to farmers who sell produce from wagons as brokers, and require them to pay a license accordingly, says that said decision, as reported by telegraph, was incorrect—that the wires made a mistake. We ' that the ' a mistake. We were of opinion that even the unscrupulous Radicals would not dare to go so far, and so we waited before making comments until Reuter s telegram arrived by mail and *confirmed the dispatch.*

We believe that the *Herald* in making this statement utters a *deliberate falsehood* That is, we believe that when it says its Eastern exchanges print a decision from the Bureau of Internal Revenue which declares that no farmer can go to market and sell the products of his own farm without paying a broker's license, it is simply stating an untruth The reason why we say this so confidently is that we have before us decisions from that Bureau, given only a few weeks ago, in which a different ruling is made; and besides, such a ruling as that reported by the telegraph and commented on so savagely by the Democratic press here, would be an absurdity. The *Internal Revenue Record* is a paper that is published under the sanction of that Bureau. That paper, an its issue of September 4, 1869, has a letter of instructions from the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to the Assessor at Augusta, Georgia, in which this very point is decided. In this letter the Commissioner says :

> The exemption of persons peddling fruits and vegetables is, 1st, when *the fruits and vegetables are the products of their own farms and gardens*; and 2d, when traveling on foot. A person traveling with one or more horses or mules, peddling vegetables *not the product of his own farm or garden*, is liable as a peddler.

Again, in the same official paper of October 9, 1869, there is a letter of instruction from the Commissioner to the Assessor at Wilmington, Delaware, from which we make this extract :

> Farmers whose occupation it is to sell the products of their farms away from the place of production and not at a store or stand, are liable to special tax as produce brokers. Persons selling in the way described in your letter come in competition with dealers who pay the special tax, and to exempt the farmer from the tax who is doing the same business would be manifestly unjust. *Occasional acts*, however, do not create a liability to the special tax, and as it is believed to be the policy of the law to place as few restrictions as is consistent on agricultural producers, the statute should be *construed liberally*.

Now if the editor of the *Herald* has recently discovered in his "Eastern exchanges" any decision or decisions emanating from the Revenue Bureau which lay down different rules from these, let him produce them. We call on him to print them in full for the benefit of the people of Oregon. Let us know whether the blame as to be thrown upon the Commissioner, or whether the editor of the *Herald* has intentionally falsified this matter It will be seen by the above extracts from letters written by the Commissioner that he has repeatedly held that farmers are *not* liable to pay a tax as brokers when they confine their transactions to sales of the products of their own farms,—that is, unless they sell them regularly from a store or stand, in which case this tax is justly required of them; If a diametrically opposite opinion has been rendered within the last month, and the *Herald* has that opinion, let it give it publicity or confess its falsehood. We are in a fair way now to bring this matter to a focus. If the *Herald* will substantiate its statement we stand ready to apologize, and will unite with it in condemning the decision of the Bureau, but if it can not substantiate it we shall fix upon it in doubly the proof of intentional falsehood

Ships and Ship Building.

The introductory article in *Putnam s Magazine* for December is a paper written by Mr Low of New York with a design of showing how we came to lose the sovereignty of the seas and how it may be recovered The first part is the old story of lost opportunities by spanning thirty years ago, when steamships and iron began to interfere with all our sea-going traditions, and of successive calamities culminating in the war In the last part, Mr Low attaches the chief importance, after the reform of the currency, to the renewal, on a more generous scale of subsidies to ocean mail-steamers While our shipping interests have been struggling against fearful odds for the shadow of an existence, other nations have built up theirs to such a degree of prosperity as to put their policy of encouragement beyond question

When the introduction of steam put the old modes of conveyance at disadvantage governments subsidies were granted and have since been extended to lines which encircle the globe The prosperity which followed resulted in the creation of a class of unsurpassed steamers in training up a select body of seamen equal to all the exigencies of peace and war in educating a corps of accomplished officers in perfecting the skill of the builders of ships in stimulating manufacturing industries, and in drawing to the bonded warehouses of the realm the products of every country and clime to be distributed through largely increased facilities to less favored nations and the waiting markets of the world

France saw how this policy operated and adopted it The result has been no less striking than it was on the other side of the channel The moment writes Admiral Porter "we ceased our competition with the English the French took our places and by their success have proved how much we yielded when our steamers gave up the contest At this moment the French are contesting every inch of ground with the British, equalling if not exceeding the latter in the speed of their steamers and surpassing them in all the conveniences and comforts of sea life Something of the same liberality which the several commercial nations have extended to ocean commerce ours has given to the later schemes of land transportation, and to the development of the internal resources of the continent Mr Low now suggests that this liberal patronage shall be divided with those who have ventures upon the ocean, and are striving with what strength they have to keep the name of American commerce from being lost altogether

But, as the Boston *Advertiser* truly says, neither subsidies nor any other expedient can be of much avail until we return to the rock bottom on which the nations of the earth transact business When we get back to a sound and solvent currency there will be little occasion to ask for special favors Until that time comes all the palliatives which may be devised will have but a partial and transitory effect

In General

We publish to-day a highly interesting article relating to the Chinese in America It is prepared from authentic sources, and its statements are undoubtedly reliable The figures presented make it evident that the number of Chinese in the United States is increasing very little if any The details of the article are worthy of attentive study

The Washington Territory Legislature adjourned on Thursday last So the long agony at Olympia is over Flanders was run by the Democrats, and they had only to signify to him what bills they desired him to approve, and he did it Nearly all other legislation was vetoed Disaster of Walla Walla looked out for Dame the influence in the Legislature, and "run" Flanders besides.

Senator Williams has introduced a bill in the Senate to prohibit the importation of Chinese into the United States on the "coolie" system, and to punish the same with heavy penalties. This suits us exactly. It is in accordance with the policy always advocated by the Republican press. But it will be terribly severe on the late slaveholders,—the Southern Democracy,—who have got contracts with Koopmanschap for thousands of Chinese laborers at nine dollars a month and a few pounds of rice and a few ounces of bacon per week for food Senator Williams is right By all means let us prohibit this traffic in what is virtually slave labor

B. B of the Salem *Press* has broke out anew against President Grant He (B B) says the Republican party ' is the first party to elect to the Presidency a man who had spent the prime and by far the greater portion of his life in indulgences of the most degrading habits of dissipation, and who was giving repeated evidences of being a confirmed victim of such habits, and had given no evidence of a knowledge of or aptitude for civil affairs, or tastes above the associations of the race course and cock pit ' This is in B B s most effective style And when it is remembered that the weekly issue of the *Press* is at least four quires, it will be perceived that President Grant is terribly damaged

The Irish Democrats of San Francisco recently held a meeting to consider the grievances under which they are laboring as voters and politicians In stating the objects of the meeting the Chairman said ' We know that we are the main body of the Democratic party Let us inquire why have we been completely ignored in the late political campaign, not one of our people having been elected to any of the city or county offices, excepting some insignificant individual to a petty place, as if to show a sample of our inferiority? Are we to furnish all the votes, and they to furnish all the candidates? Are we to be treated as the negroes are treated in the South by the Carpet-baggers?' These are pointed questions Really, if the Irish Democrats persist in being so inquisitive it will be difficult soon to whip them in

The *Herald* complains that it can make nothing out of the figures telegraphed here on Monday, which give an exhibit of Treasury affairs, and declares that the Western Union Telegraph Company should discharge all of its employes who can do no better Now we would gently hint that the fault is not in any telegraph office, but in the editorial room of the *Herald*, where there is not intelligence enough to separate and properly point the figures which the telegraph must necessarily give in a mass The OREGONIAN had no trouble with the figures, and presented them in an intelligible and consistent shape If the Telegraph Company are to be held responsible for the *Herald s* blunders they should claim the right to put some person of common intelligence in the editorial office of that paper, instead of being required to dismiss their employes in the telegraph office

POLITICAL

The Legislature of Montana Territory is now in session It is almost unanimously Democratic

Henry S Foote has become weary of tarrying in Tennessee, and now intends trying his political fortune in Mississippi But Mississippi is a poor place for carpet-baggers Dent has found it out

The Indiana Republican State Convention will be held on February 22, 1870, at Indianapolis The Republicans of that State will gain about ten thousand votes under the Fifteenth Amendment

The Buffalo *Express* anticipates an opportunity to test the result of the separation of New York City and Brooklyn from the rest of the State before many years It says ' The people of the State at large will not always submit to be overridden by Tammany repeaters and ballot box stuffers If a few more elections demonstrate that there is no other remedy the division of the State will have become inevitable

Alvan Flanders, Governor of Washington Territory " has started East on that political pilgrimage. But being afraid to come through Portland and take the steamer for San Francisco, he has gone to Victoria where he will try to look out for passage in a sailing vessel or some other sort of craft Does an honest man sneak around in this way to avoid arrest? A pink of a Governor they have got over there! And yet the *Times* never tires of sounding his praises as an honest man!

OREGON

Last week there was good sleighing in Grand Ronde valley and the people were enjoying it The snow was several inches deep

The Congregational Sunday School at Dallas is in a flourishing condition On Sunday last two hundred and thirty two persons were in attendance

A petition is being circulated through Coos county for the pardon of one Cornelius Cregin now in the Penitentiary sent there two years ago for assault with a deadly weapon upon H W Thomas

Douglas county has already paid her quota of taxes into the State Treasury,—the first county to do so It is argued therefrom by the local paper that the finances of the county and its citizens are not badly deranged

The Douglas county paper states that the quantity of lumber used in that county during the past is more than three times that of any previous year More than two million feet have been used for building purposes in the past year

The *Watchman* says The lecture on geology at the Congregational Church last Tuesday evening by Rev Mr Condon was well attended and very interesting Mr C spoke on the age of the earth as demonstrated by geology and the different periods of its existence He announces as the subject for the next lecture ' How Oregon was Made

The *Mountaineer* states that all the Ochoco settlers complain very bitterly of the road from Albany through to Ochoco as not being practicable for a mail route six months in the year on account of snow and a remonstrance has been signed by most all the settlers in the valley against such a route whilst the road via Dalles City can be traveled the whole year without any inconvenience

The Dalles paper reports that there is a growing interest in religious circles there. At Mr Condon s church (Congregational) fifteen persons united with the Church Sunday The Methodist Church is also in a very prosperous condition Since Rev H Hines took charge in this city an increase of about eighty in membership has taken place on the circuit The Baptist Society which was organized last spring seems to be prosperous

The Roseburg paper has this item Some two weeks since as Mr Tipton, who resides some eighteen miles from this place, was out on horseback, about midnight, a large ball of fire some two feet in diameter by six or eight feet long darted across the heavens with fearful rapidity When nearly over him it exploded, scattering particles of fire in every direction At the moment of the explosion, his horse fell, and remained some moments as though shot dead, or unnerved by some powerful battery Mr Tipton felt no shock

From the Salem daily We do not propose to rival the mysterious stone giant of Cardiff story by our present narrative but we have an interesting fact to relate, furnished us by Mr G W Hunt, from whom we learn that while Mr. John Philipe was having a well dug on his place, four miles east of Scottsburg, at the depth of twenty-two feet the workmen discovered a red stone pipe, of medium size. The well was dug at the foot of a hill The pipe is in excellent preservation, and its discovery gives rise, of course, to many speculations

A letter from Coos Bay to the *Bee* dated November 25, contains the following The Johnson brothers have been lying at the mouth of the Coquille with their new vessel, some six weeks trying to get out There is very little prospect for them this fall There are fifteen vessels in Coos Bay now loaded, and anxiously waiting for the bar to smooth down so that they can go out There is also quite a fleet outside the bar expected in every day Two tug boats are in readiness to escort them in, as soon as the weather will permit

In the municipal election at Salem which took place on Monday, party issues were not made, and the old officers were re-elected with one exception The total vote was 451, less than half the legal vote of the city Capt L S. Scott received for Mayor 372 votes. H Y Thompson, for Recorder, had a majority of 115, J N Glover for Marshal, 93, A N Gilbert, for Treasurer, 44 The Aldermen elect are, in the 1st ward R Williams and W L Wade; 2d ward, J G Wright and, J. L Starkey, 3d ward L S Skiff and B F Drake, 4th ward, J H Bridges and J C. Brown

The *Statesman* gives the following statistics of Marion county, compiled from official sources Number of acres of occupied land, 333,585—owned by 1 123 persons—which is equal to 296 acres to the person Total assessment of all property for 1869, $3 800 949, indebtedness, $626,630 total clear of debt, $3 174 919, tax levy for 1869, fifteen mills on the dollar. Number of horses over one year old, 4 410, number of cattle over one year old 6,610 number of sheep over one year old 18 669, pounds of wool clipped in 1869, 74 920 Bushels of grain (wheat and oats) 764, 380, number of flouring mills, 13—one driven by steam and twelve by water, number of saw mills, 31—six driven by steam and twenty five by water, two iron foundries, three carding machines, four or five planing mills six sash and door factories, and last, but not least one woolen manufactory

THE WEST

The Idaho *Statesman* says that a hunter named Reub Payton killed a deer near Boise City recently, at a distance of *eight hundred rods* with a Henry rifle Guess there is some mistake about the distance

Two thousand two hundred and seventy six separate actions were commenced in the District Courts located in San Francisco city, from January 1, 1869 to the middle of November same year

A Walla Walla paper says During the past week Mr A B Elmer has received the neat little sum of $11,264 00, which proves conclusively that there is gold in the country yet During the month of November he assayed in the neighborhood of $25,000

The Port Townsend *Message* says The Fishing Company are about to increase their stock to $20,000, and send three vessels fishing next season They have located a splendid site for flakes and the necessary buildings to carry on the business extensively The stock will be issued before the first of February

The San Francisco *Alta* believes that California has outgrown the Constitution which was adopted in September 1850 and has it thinks, attained to a more venerable age now than that of any other State of the Union The *Bulletin* replies that California needs wiser legislation much more than a new Constitution

It is stated that quite a number of families have located within the past month, on the high table lands between the Snake and Spokane river The majority thus far have settled upon what is known as Union Flat' —a body of land supposed to be excellent for agricultural and grazing purposes, but too much subject from its high altitude to frost, to be good for any but the hardier kind of vegetables Timber is said to be scarce in the country around Union Flat

From the Walla Walla *Union* Dec 4th Mr Richard Hurley who arrived here last evening from Warrens, informs us that the new discoveries, which we referred to some two weeks since are proving very rich and some of them prospect even better than the old camp in its palmiest days These new mines are located on three different gulches all of them within ten miles of the old camp There are five different companies wintering in the new diggings sawing lumber and making other preparations for opening their claims

The *Statesman* of Walla Walla gives the following trade report During the week ending Nov 30th Messrs I T Reese and Jurdan & Co loaded ten teams and twenty five packs with flour liquors and assorted merchandise for different parts in this and adjoining Territories also 20 000 pounds of grain to Fort Lapwai, 375 bbls of flour and six tons chopped feed to Umatilla and the Dalles We have been unable to get a report of the shipments from other houses but presume they have been equally as large Every branch of business is flourishing money easy—the weather as mild as in springtime—the roads in splendid condition and the prospects flattering for a very large trade being done before snow flies

The Walla Walla *Union* of last week has a first class elopement item We copy There was considerable excitement among the Chinese population of our city for two or three days in the forepart of the week caused by the sudden and mysterious disappearance of one Jim Sham, the almond eyedest Chinese damsel in town They claimed that she had been lately imported from Hong Kong, a Coast Wong Gee her present owner six hundred dollars, who, of course, is out and injured in that sum He was disconsolate—thought she had been kidnapped—at all events, his money was gone and his lady love had vanished, leaving no more trace behind than she would have done had she been caught up in a cloud and transported to the flowery land ' But subsequent developments have shown that she had only eloped with another moon eyed "cuss," who had taken the precaution of getting out license and then these celestial lovers were joined in marriage by a person authorized to solemnize these bonds after which Mr and Mrs John started on a wedding tour to Shasta Creek Hen Sing, the happy husband expects to amuse himself by running a washee house Wong Gee the injured man has heard of their intentions and destination and has given chase with the intent to capture the woman whom it would seem he has theretofore failed to captivate

It now appears that Judge Austin s majority for Governor of Minnesota will reach 2 000 The majority of the remainder of the Republican State ticket is 6 000

Burnett s Boquet for Toilet use and Asthetic Dentifrice have proved their efficacy by a test of many years and have received testimonials from some of the most eminent physicians of the day Sold by druggists and perfumers everywhere

Nothing equal to Burnett s Cocoaine for Promoting the Growth and Restoring the Color of the Hair

Burnett s Kalliston for Roughness of the Skin and Chilblains

Burnett s Vegetable Toothache Drops for Pain in the Teeth and Asthetic Dentifrice have proved their efficacy by a test of many years and have received testimonials from some of the most eminent physicians of the day Sold by druggists and perfumers everywhere

Burnett s Boquet for Toilet use and Asthetic Dentifrice have proved their efficacy by a test of many years and have received testimonials from some of the most eminent physicians of the day Sold by druggists and perfumers everywhere

Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING DEC 8 1869

CITY.

Money Market.

Portland Legal Tender Rates ... 80 @ 81
Portland Legal Tender rates ... 81@81½
New York Gold Quotations ... 12 "

PEACEFUL PRESENT AT H TOWNS —The peace of the usually quiet County of Washington and the town of Hillsboro was startled on Monday night by a murder so horrible as to chill the blood and terrify the mind of every citizen of the community A half breed named Joseph Meek, the son of the far famed pioneer and Hon Mr Meek, the son of the town of Hillsboro, Col. Joseph Meek deliberately and in cold blood murdered Jake Smith, of the town of Hillsboro Meek came into Richard Wiley's saloon at about half past 6 o'clock P M. Smith was there After drinking awhile with Smith and others Meek walked up to him and putting his arms around Smith plunged a knife into the heart Smith fell and died never speaking a word Meek escaped The officers are in pursuit of him and large rewards are offered for his capture It is hoped that he will be captured Hitherto murderers are allowed to escape, but Meek will not if he can be found Smith has for many years been one of the most respected citizens of Washington county, respected by all It is supposed that Meek has taken to the mountains thinking that he can escape either at Tillamook or Yaquina bay—possibly he may go into Washington Territory He is a splendid shot and hunter and his capture will no doubt be difficult, but it will nevertheless be done if the officers can secure pluck it

LITERARY —The following new books have been added to the Portland Library

Lucy Hardinge, by McDonald
Rural Sketches, by Archie Fell
Rose Mather, by Sikes
Out on the Edge of the Storm
Mrs. Margaret's Cousin, by Archie Fell
The Fire Fly, by Anderson
Emma Hamilton and Her Three Daughters
Dream Life, by Mitchell
Alice's Adventures in Wonderland, by Carroll
Afloat and Ashore, by Cooper
Stories of the Sea, by Anderson
Sound and Sea, by Hale
Wonderful Stories from Homer, by Hale
Poems, by Oliver Optic
Through by Daylight, by Oliver Optic
Poems of Progress, by Oliver Optic
On Time, by Oliver Optic
A New World—Africa

Dr. Livingstone —Dept. Douglass of the *A Heathen*, who has so far recovered as to be able

Legislature —[illegible] of the Washington Legislature [illegible] Yreka mailed from San Francisco for the [illegible] steamer mails will close at a quarter [illegible] afternoon.

Fire Department —[illegible] tions on Monday and yesterday [illegible] Department one hundred and fifty dollars.

Wheat Receipts —[illegible] Regulus, at the close of November con[illegible] 1st of March and eleven patents—an increase of [illegible] last year.

Mud —[illegible] of the rain storm yesterday made our [illegible] and more sloppy than they have here[illegible]

Wheat —[illegible] and nineteen tons of produce were received [illegible] Salem during the month of November

Fair Festival.—The ladies of the M E Church [illegible] their annual Fair and Festival at the Armory [illegible] The building will be quite [illegible] The building arrangements for this occasion [illegible] and we hope a good, pleasant and [illegible] time may be the result. The members and [illegible] contributed several thousand dollars [illegible] of the new brick Church, and the [illegible] way—to have the building ready for [illegible] August. The building will be quite [illegible] in the city when completed, as the [illegible] of Taylor and Third streets is to be [illegible] and will rise some forty feet higher than at [illegible] a tall spire still above that.

[illegible] programme of 23d Infantry Band for [illegible] Tuesday, December 7th, 3 o'clock P M [illegible] From "La Fille du Regiment. — "Doña [illegible] Air Montana (In Happy Moments) [illegible] (German Air) [illegible] (Good Bye—Farewell) [illegible] "Bell Troubadore.—Verdi. [illegible] Polka Step [illegible] "Selection from the Grand Duchess" — Offenbach [illegible]

Last evening Mr and Mrs Carter [illegible] entertainment with the juvenile [illegible] "Morning Call, or How to [illegible] was followed by "Dick Turpin," [illegible] Mr Reed as Dick Turpin very [illegible] Tom King very well Mr [illegible] Jack Gomersall, and [illegible] Whitney in excellent [illegible] Mary Watson Miss Cummings as [illegible] Watson, were very good; in [illegible]

Agricultural.—The monthly report of the [illegible] for October, contains more ex[illegible] Oregon, Washington and Idaho than [illegible] reports we remember ever to have [illegible] articles on the crops of Oregon for 1869, [illegible] yield of Walla Walla valley [illegible] Territories of Idaho; and agri[illegible] Oregon, or into Washington Territory He is a [illegible] and hunter and his capture will no [illegible] but it will nevertheless be done if [illegible] can screw pluck it

Literary.—The following new books have been added to the Portland Library

Lucy Hardinge, by McDonald
Rural Sketches, by Archie Fell
Rose Mather, by Sikes
Out on the Edge of the Storm
Mrs. Margaret's Cousin, by Archie Fell
The Fire Fly, by Anderson
Emma Hamilton and Her Three Daughters
Dream Life, by Mitchell
Alice's Adventures in Wonderland, by Carroll
Afloat and Ashore, by Cooper
Stories of the Sea, by Anderson
Sound and Sea, by Hale
Wonderful Stories from Homer, by Hale
Poems, by Oliver Optic
Through by Daylight, by Oliver Optic
Poems of Progress, by Oliver Optic
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Miss Mitford

Of Mary Russell Mitford and her shiftless father, Harriet Martineau writes as follows, which may be encouraging to literary amateurs

The little girl chose for a birthday present a lottery ticket of a particular number, to which she stuck, in spite of much persuasion to change it, and which turned up a prize of £20,000 This money soon disappeared, like some £40,000, which had vanished before. Her father put her to school in London, and there she spent five years, while he was amusing himself with building a very large house, four miles from Reading, to which she returned at the age of fifteen, to write poetry and dream of becoming an authoress After 1810 she published a volume almost every year This was all done for pleasure; but she was meanwhile giving up to her selfish father one legacy after another, left to herself by the opulent families on both sides, after her mother's handsome fortune was exhausted, and hence at length arose the necessity of her writing for the sake of the money she could earn.

In their poverty they went to lodge for a summer at a cottage in the village of Three Mile Cross, near Reading, and there they held on for the rest of Dr. Mitford's long life. The poetess looked round her, and described in prose what she saw, sending the papers which, collected, form the celebrated "Our Village," to Campbell, for the New Monthly Magazine Cambell made the mistake of rejecting them —an error in which he was followed by a great number and variety of other editors It was in the Lady's Magazine of all places, that articles destined to make a literary reputation of no mean order first appeared. They were published in a collected form in 1823, and from that time forward, Miss Mitford was sure of the guineas whenever she chose to draw for them in the form of pleasant stories under her well-known and welcome signatures. Few of her many readers however, knew at what cost these pleasant stories were produced. They seem to flow easily enough, and their equitive style suggests anything but the toil and anxiety amid which they were spun out. It is observable that each story is as complete and rounded as a sonnet, and provided with a plot which would serve for a novel if expanded. Earth has a catastrophe—generally a surprise, elaborately wrought out in concealment.

It was the stories of this kind that Miss Mitford exchanged the earlier and easier sketches from the nature around her which we find in "Our Village," and the exchange increased immensely the call upon her energies. But the money must be had and the annuals paid handsomely; and thus, therefore, the devoted daughter employed her talents, spoiling her father, and wearing herself out, but delighting an enormous number of readers; after fattening away the whole day, incessantly on foot, or otherwise fatiguing herself, at his beck and call, and receiving his friends, and reading him to sleep in the afternoons till she had no voice left, the hour came when she might have put him to bed. But her own day's work still remained to be done. It was not a sort of work which could be done by proxy, suited like hers, without some stimulus or relief, and hence the necessity of doses of laudanum to carry her through her task. When the necessity ceased by the death of her father, her practice of taking laudanum ceased; but her health had become radically impaired, and her nervous system was rendered unfit to meet any such shock as that which overthrew it at last. Miss Mitford, sb toiling by candle light, while the hard master who had made her his servant all day was asleep in the next room, is as painful an instance of the struggles of human life as the melancholy of a tombeau, or the heart break—that "secret known of all"—of a boasting Emperor of the Russians.

A Ratification as Final.

[From the Chicago Tribune.]

The New York Herald expresses the opinion that the newly-elected Legislature of New York, being Copperhead, may rescind the vote of ratification of the Fifteenth Amendment already made by that State.

Any rescinding resolution would not be worth the paper on which it was written. When a State once ratifies an amendment to the constitution submitted by Congress, the action is final so far as that State is concerned. A State may withhold her consent; and, if one-fourth of all the States withhold their consent, the proposed amendment is not adopted A Legislature is not bound to act on an amendment. It may vote not to ratify, or it may decline not to act at all. So long as the consent of the State is withheld, it counts against the ratification; but, whenever a majority of each branch of the Legislature votes to ratify, the assent of the State is given, and the act is irrevocable. The constitution makes no provision for rescinding State votes of ratification of any subsequent period. The power of the State over the question is exhausted when the consent has been obtained in the manner prescribed by the constitution. The formal ratification of the Fifteenth Amendment by the State of New York has been certified to the State Department by the Governor, and that ends the matter, so far as that State is concerned. Amendments to the constitution are not like foot balls, to be kicked backwards and forwards between Congress and the State Legislatures, but are solemn, irrevocable acts of the law-making powers of the National and State Governments, and each step is complete in itself Congress cannot recall an amendment after it has been submitted to the States any more than a State can recall its assent after it has agreed to the Amendment.

For New York to rescind her ratification would be to commit an outrage and a flagrant wrong on twenty-one sister States which have ratified the amendment, and on the remaining States which intend doing so. Playing fast and loose in that way is something not contemplated or permitted by the constitution, which points out how a State *may consent* to an amendment, but prescribes no mode of undoing the act. Let those who claim that a State may rescind its ratification cite a clause of the Constitution authorizing the United States which subscribes it to be done. If they fail back for authority on the Calhoun doctrine of State independence, we point them to the explosion of that doctrine by gunpowder during the late "unpleasantness" between the adherents of *National* Union and State Sovereignty.

In Sydney Smith's advice to his parishioners he addressed a few words to young women, to this effect: "Don't believe in anything but the parson and the ring! If your lover says that you can do as well without the form as with it, tell him he is a scoundrel.' It would be better for girls everywhere if they would remember that hint. In the Bissell divorce case the woman was told by the man that they might be married without any ceremony—married as safely as if three clergymen performed the service. The exponent of the law in this case, John B. Bissell, of Brooklyn, took the girl a drive to Central Park one day, and put a ring on her finger, saying: "This is our wedding ring; we are married." Nothing could be simpler. Afterward they went to live in a boarding house where Bissell acknowledged the woman to be his wife. Who could not supply the finish to the story? Just before the wife became a mother, John B. Bissell abandoned her. But in his interpretation of the law to his intended dupe he was nearer the truth than he supposed. Judge Barnard has ruled that the marriage was really valid according to the laws of this State. "All that is requisite is that the parties should be capable of contracting, and that they should actually contract to be man and wife" Mr. Bissell, who made a defence which the Court stigmatized in very strong language, will have to make provision for the woman he says he "only" intended to seduce. So much for one case of rascality—but we advise young women to take Sidney Smith's counsel, and insist on having the parson and the ring at their wedding —*N. Y. Times.*

INUNDATION OF THE NILE.—The yearly inundation of the Nile has been even greater than usual this year. The London *News* says

The Nile mud has fertilized the desert sands and drawn a belt of garden ground all down the long course of the river, and the desert air has made the atmosphere the brightest and most salubrious in the world. But the struggle between the Nile and the desert, sand and mud, drouth and flood, has gone on with varied fortunes, Year by year, the one anxiety of the Egyptian people, whether under a Pharaoh or a Khedive, has been the rise of the Nile. When it falls short the desert gains upon them; and famine stares them in the face when it rises above its normal flood it sweeps away their villages and drowns the fields it should fertilize This year has been a year of excess The river has risen to an unusual hight and flooded the cotton fields Hitherto no excess of water has been a smaller calamity than a deficiency, now the new cotton culture has made an excess probably as much dreaded as a failure By the last advices, however we hear that the waters are subsiding, and that the cotton crop which has not yet sustained any fatal damage, will be saved

General Relief Committee, I. O. O. F. of Portland, Oregon.

P M GATCH President Seventh street between Jefferson and Columbia
W D BALLARD, Secretary, Market street, between Third and Fourth
A GOLDSMITH Treasurer 69 Front street.
N Goltgetzen corner First and Morrison
L Goldstein Peatonics Building
J Bachman 66 Front street
M Rosenlund 69 First street
J M Caywood, Western Hotel
John Dolan corner Front and Washington streets
Wm Braden Clay st, between Fourth and Fifth
S S Wishard, East Portland
B Stafford, East Portland feb28d1y

Hazzalo Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock in Stark's building third story, opposite Arrigoni's Hotel Members of the order are invited to attend By order o N G
Portland, February 18 1868 dtf

Samaritan Lodge No. 3, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock, in Stark's building, third story opposite Arrigoni's Hotel Members of the order are invited to attend By order of N G
Feb 4, 1868. dtf

Portland R. A. C. No. 3.—Regular Convention on the second Thursday evening of each month at Masonic Hall, No 16 North Front street.
By order of M E H P

Multnomah Lodge No. 19, I. O. G. T.—Holds Regular Meetings at 7½ o'clock on Saturday evenings of each week All members in good standing are invited to attend By order of W C T

Nonpareil Lodge No. 86, I. O. G. T.—Meets every Thursday evening at 7½ o'clock Hall in Popplson's building, First Street, between Yamhill and Taylor. Members in good standing are invited to attend
y16tf By order of the W. C. T.

Arrivals and Departures of Mails to and from Portland

SOUTHERN MAILS

Portland to Lincoln, Cal.—Leaves Portland daily at 6¼ A. M
Arrives at Portland, daily by 6 P. M.

EASTERN MAILS

Portland to Dalles with Eastern Mails—Leaves Portland at 5 A M, daily, Sundays excepted
Arrives at Portland by 6 P M,, daily, Sundays excepted.

COLUMBIA RIVER

Portland to Astoria—Leaves Portland at 6 A M Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays; to arrive at Astoria by 5 P M following days.
Leaves Astoria on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 6 A M., to arrive at Portland by 5 A M. following days.

PUGET SOUND

Portland to Steilacoom with Mails for Olympia and Victoria—Leaves Portland 6 A. M Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays
Arrives at Portland by 6 P. M, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

COUNTRY ROUTES

Portland to Lafayette—Leaves Portland 6 A. M. Mondays and Thursdays.
Arrives at Portland by 6 P. M. Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Portland to Dayton—Leaves Portland 6 A. M Tuesdays and Saturdays.
Arrives at Portland by 6 P. M Fridays and Mondays.

Portland to Sumerville—Arrives at Portland Saturdays at 12 M, and leaves same day at 1 P. M.

Mails received from San Francisco by every steamer of the North Pacific Transportation Company, and mails forwarded by every out-going steamer of the same company sailing direct for San Francisco.

Subscribers will please to notice not to schedule time of arrivals but to insert time that mails are received
Mails for Dalles and Salt Lake close at 8½ P. M.
Other mails close at 5 P M.
Office hours from 8 A M to 6½ P M; Sundays from 8 to 9 A. M., and 5 to 6 P. M.
Money order office open from 9 A M to 4 P M, daily, Sundays excepted.

Upper Columbia and Idaho.

NOTICE.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S Fast Freight Line TO IDAHO!

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

ON AND AFTER AUGUST 1ST, 1868, OUR RATES for FAST FREIGHT (on 50 pounds or upwards, weighing not less than 45 pounds per cubic foot) will be as follows:

From Portland	to La Grande	12 cents per pound.	
"	" Union	18	" "
"	" Baker City	16	" "
"	" Eldorado	18	" "
"	" Boise City	19	" "
"	" Idaho City	26	" "
"	" Silver City	27	" "

WELLS, FARGO & CO
Until further notice. au2dtf

JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.,

Forwarding & Commission Merchants,

UMATILLA, OREGON.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE STOCK OF MESSRS FRANKENTHAL & HAAS, having taken their

FIRE-PROOF STONE WAREHOUSE

We are now prepared to receive consignments of Goods to be Forwarded to all parts of the Mines in Oregon, Idaho and Owyhee. All matters connected with the Forwarding and Commission Business promptly attended to.

☞ Consignments of Goods solicited. Mark Good "Care of J. R. F., Umatilla."

A FULL STOCK OF

Clothing, Groceries and Provisions

MECHANICS' MINERS' AND BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS,

IRON AND STEEL,

always on hand, and will be sold LOW FOR CASH
my4dtf JOHN R FOSTER & CO

WILLAMETTE UNIVERSITY

SALEM, OREGON.

Gentleman's Collegiate Department:
$15 PER SESSION OF 14 WEEKS.

Ladies' Collegiate Department:
$12 PER SESSION OF 14 WEEKS.

Preparatory Department, 1st Year:
$9 PER SESSION OF 14 WEEKS

Preparatory Department, 2d Year
$12 PER SESSION OF 14 WEEKS
Payable always in Advance

First Session commences on the Second Monday in September; Second Session commences on the first Monday in January Third Session commences on the third Monday in April For particulars address the President
7:8 DR N. ROUNDS.

Sale of Government Property

BY AUTHORITY RECEIVED FROM THE BVT Maj. Gen Commanding the Department, There will be sold at auction on Thursday, the 6th day of January, 1870, at Fort Walla Walla, W T, to the highest bidder for cash in currency notes, the following Quartermaster's Property:

90 HORSES,
69 MULES,
13 RIDING SADDLES

The sale will commence at 11 A M and will if necessary be continued from day to day until completed
R SAXTON
Bvt Brig. Gen and Chief Q M Dep't Columbia
Office Chief Q M Dep't Col.,
Portland Or Dec 5 1869 d6dlot

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Oregon In the matter of John B Wallace, bankrupt In bankruptcy Notice is hereby given that a third general meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt will be held at the City of Portland in said District on the 27th day of December, A D 1869 at 10 o clock A M, at the office of W Lair Hill, Esq Register in Bankruptcy in said District, for the purposes named in the twenty eighth section of the Bankrupt Act of March 2, 1867
JOHN CATLIN Assignee
d743tlaw

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Oregon—In the matter of Louis Scholl, bankrupt, District of Oregon—88 —In Bankruptcy. Notice is hereby given that a second general meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt will be held at the city of Portland, in said district, on the 5th day of December A D 1869 at ten o'clock A M, at the office of W Lair Hill, Esq, Register in Bankruptcy in said district for the purposes named in the twenty second section of the Bankrupt Act of March 2, 1867
dec7d3 JOHN CATLIN Assignee

SMITH BRO.'S IRON WORKS!

First St., bet. Main and Salmon,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

MANUFACTURE STEAM ENGINES

MILL MACHINERY of all kinds;
IRON and BRASS CASTINGS, FORGINGS and PATTERNS, of all descriptions,
IRON RAILINGS and FENCES for Houses, Cemeteries, &c., &c.
REPAIRING of all kinds promptly attended to by experienced mechanics je30dtf

No. 9.

SIMILIA SIMILIBUS CURANTUR.

HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS

HAVE PROVED, FROM THE MOST AMPLE experience, an entire success: Simple—Prompt Efficient and Reliable. They are the only Medicines perfectly adapted to popular use,—so simple that mistakes cannot be made in using them, so harmless as to be free from danger, and so efficient as to be always reliable. They have raised the highest commendation from all and will always render satisfaction

Nos		Cents.
1	Cures	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations	25
2	"	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic	25
3	"	Crying Colic or Teething of Infants	25
4	"	Diarrhœa of Children or Adults	25
5	"	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic	25
6	"	Cholera-Morbus, Vomiting	25
7	"	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis	25
8	"	Neuralgia, Toothache, Facesche	25
9	"	Headaches Sick Headache, Vertigo	25
10	"	Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach	25
11	"	Suppressed or Painful Periods	25
12	"	Whites, too profuse Periods	25
13	"	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing	25
14	"	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions	25
15	"	Rheumatism, Rheumatic pains	25
16	"	Fever & Ague, Chill Fever, Ague	50
17	"	Piles, blind or bleeding	50
18	"	Opthalmy, and sore or weak Eyes	50
19	"	Catarrh, Acute or chronic Influenza	50
20	"	Whooping Cough, violent cough	50
21	"	Asthma, oppressed Breathing	50
22	"	Ear Discharges, impaired hearing	50
23	"	Scrofula, enlarged glands, swellings	50
24	"	General Debility, physical weakness	50
25	"	Dropsy, and scanty Secretions	50
26	"	Sea-Sickness, sickness from riding	50
27	"	Kidney-Disease, Gravel	50
28	"	Nervous Debility Seminal Emissions, involuntary Discharges	1 00
29	"	Sore Mouth, Canker	50
30	"	Urinary Weakness, wetting bed	50
31	"	Painful Periods, with spasms	50
32	"	Sufferings at change of life	1 00
33	"	Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance	1 00
34	"	Diphtheria, ulcerated sore throat	50

FAMILY CASES

Of 35 to 70 large vials, morocco or rosewood case, containing a specific for every ordinary disease a family is subject to, and books of directions.... From $10 to $25

Smaller Family and Traveling cases, with 20 to 26 vials..... from $5 to $8
Specifics for all Private Diseases, both for Curing and for Preventive treatment, in vials and pocket cases, $2 to $5

Pond's Extract,

Cures Burns, Bruises, Lameness, Soreness, Sore Throat, Sprains, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Piles, Boils, Stings, Sore Eyes, Bleeding of the Nose, Stomach, or of Piles; Corns, Ulcers, Old Sores. Price 50 cts. to $1.75

☞ These Remedies are sent to any part of the country by Mail or Express on receipt of Price.

WOODARD & QUIVEY, Druggists,
Sole Agents for Oregon and the Territories
o5dtf

BOOK PAPER!

45 and 44 lbs. weight,

On Hand For Sale!

H. L. PITTOCK,
No. 5 Washington street,

Printing Inks

Printing Inks.

NEWS INK,

In 50 and 25 lb. Kegs,

ALWAYS ON HAND AT SAN FRANCISCO PRICES,

FREIGHT ADDED

H. L. PITTOCK,
No 5 Washington St.,
PORTLAND.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Oregon. In Bankruptcy.—This is to give notice that on the 12th day of November, A D 1869, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Ellis Walker, of Union, in the county of Union and State of Oregon, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law, that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a court of bankruptcy to be holden at No 106 First street, Portland, before W Lair Hill, Register on the 21st day of December A D 1869, at 10 o'clock A M of that day
THOMAS O YOUNG,
U S Marshal as Messenger
By John Dolan, Deputy n29d3t

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Oregon In Bankruptcy.—This is to give notice that on the 25th day of November A D 1869 a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of J C Jamison I McMinnville in the county of Yamhill and State of Oregon, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law, that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a court of bankruptcy to be holden at No 106 First street, Portland, before W Lair Hill, Register, on the 29th day of December A D 1869 at 10 o'clock A M of that day
THOMAS O YOUNG,
U S Marshal as Messenger
By John Dolan Deputy n25d3t

NOTICE.—There will be a third meeting of the creditors of S Beery bankrupt at the office of W Lair Hill, Esq, Register in Bankruptcy, in the city of Portland at 10 o clock A M on the 11th day of December, A D 1869

You will also note that I have filed my final accounts as assignee of the estate of S Beery bankrupt in said Court for the settlement of my said accounts, and for a discharge from all liability as assignee of said estate, in accordance with the provisions of the seventy eighth section of the bankrupt act of March 2d 1867
JOSEPH HACHMAN Assignee
Portland Nov 26 1869—law3t

A. H. JOHNSON,

Wholesale Butcher and Packer.

PACIFIC MARKET,

NO 2 NORTH FRONT STREET, PORTLAND OREGON
THE HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HOGS, CATTLE AND SHEEP
Portland, October 1st, 1869 dawdm

Marshal's Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT BY VIRTUE of a warrant issued by the Auditor and Clerk of the city of Portland, dated the 27th day of October 1869, commanding me to levy upon Lots 7 and 8 in Block 165, in the city of Portland, and collect an assessment thereon of One Hundred and Thirty Four 35-100 Dollars for the improvement of City street, between Fourth and East Park I have this day levied upon Lots numbered 7 and 8 in Block numbered 164, and on Monday the 27th December, 1869, at 12 M of said day, in front of the Court House door in said city of Portland Multnomah county, State of Oregon, will sell said Lots 7 and 8 in Block 164 to the highest bidder therefor to pay said assessment and costs and expenses of sale. Said sale to be for United States Gold and Silver Coin
PHILIP SAUNDERS, City Marshal
Portland, November 27, 1869. n27d4w

Dissolution Notice.

IT IS THIS 1ST DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1869 MUtually agreed that the co-partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of Lotyea & Kallenberg in the business of a Drug Store and the Oregon Dispensary, in the city of Portland, is dissolved by sale of all the assets to A H Kallenberg and the assumption by him of all the debts due by the company, and neither partner of the late firm has any right or authority after this date, to use the name of the firm or to bind either member except the one so using the name by any such transaction, except that Kallenberg may use the name of the firm in the collection of debts due to the firm, and in settling demands against it, but no further or other wise
Witness,
A H KALLENBERG,
M A LOTYEA,
J. C HAWTHORNE

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the District of Oregon In Bankruptcy.—This is to give notice that on the 22d day of November A D 1869 a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of J C Jamison I McMinnville in the county of Yamhill and State of Oregon, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law, that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a court of bankruptcy to be holden at No 106 First street, Portland, before W Lair Hill, Register, on the 29th day of December A D 1869 at 10 o'clock A M of that day
THOMAS O YOUNG,
U S Marshal as Messenger
By John Dolan Deputy n25d3t

NOTICE.—There will be a third meeting of the creditors of S Beery bankrupt, at the office of W Lair Hill, Esq, Register in Bankruptcy, in the city of Portland at 10 o clock A M on the 11th day of December, A D 1869

You will also note that I have filed my final accounts as assignee of the estate of S Beery bankrupt in said Court for the settlement of my said accounts, and for a discharge from all liability as assignee of said estate, in accordance with the provisions of the seventy eighth section of the bankrupt act of March 2d 1867
JOSEPH HACHMAN Assignee
Portland Nov 26 1869—law3t

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July 1st 1868.—dtf N. W. SPAULDING

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Zena.

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Tillamook.

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Cecils,
Cayuse,
Mitchell's Station,
Marshall,
Meadowville,
Pilot Rock,
Umatilla

Union.
Cove,
La Grande,
North Powder,
Orodell,
Summerville,
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POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON September 20 1869

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE Contract Office of this Department until 3 p m of March 15th, 1870, for carrying the mails of the United States from July 1 1870 to June 30 1874 in the State of Oregon on the routes and in the modes of transportation and the times of departure and arrivals hereinafter specified

Decisions rendered by March 14, 1870

No.

1101 From Portland, by Springwille, St Helens, Rainier, Monticello, Scappoose and Oak Point, West port and Cathlamet 1 time a week by steamboats
Leave Portland (Monday) Wednesday and Friday at 6 a m
Arrive at Astoria by 6 p m
Leave Astoria Tuesday) Thursday and Saturday at 6 a m
Arrive at Portland by 5 p m
Proposals for the same service between Portland and Cathlamet 3 times a week

1102 From Portland, by Hillsboro, Forest Grove and Banks to Buena Vista 1 time a week
Leave Portland Monday at 8 a m
Arrive at Buena Vista by 5 p m
Leave Buena Vista Tuesday at 6 a m
Arrive at Portland by 3 p m

1103 From Portland, by Oswego, Lake Oswego, Stafford, Tualatin, Sherwood, Newberg, Dayton, Lafayette, McMinnville, Amity, Ballston, Independence, Monmouth, Dallas, Rickreall, Salt Creek, Zena, Eola, Amity, Bellevue, Willamina, Grand Ronde, Sheridan, Willamette Falls, Milwaukie and back 1 time a week
Leave Portland Monday at 6 a m
Arrive at Salem by 6 p m
Leave Salem Tuesday at 6 a m
Arrive at Portland by 6 p m

1104 From Portland, by Canemah, Oregon City, Macksburg, Needy, Silverton, Mount Angel, Scotts Mills, Jefferson, Marion, Aumsville, Salem, Turner, Jefferson, Scio, Lebanon, Brownsville, Harrisburg, Junction City, Monroe, Bellfountain, Kings Valley, Philomath, Corvallis, Albany, Lebanon, Scio, Jefferson, Salem, Aumsville, Marion, Turner, Salem, Amity, Dayton, Lafayette, McMinnville, Yamhill, Dayton, Newberg, Sherwood, Tualatin, Lake Oswego and back 1 time a week
Leave Portland Monday at 6 a m
Arrive at Salem by 6 p m
Leave Salem Tuesday at 6 a m
Arrive at Portland by 6 p m

1105 From Portland, by Oswego, Stafford, Tualatin, Sherwood, Newberg, Dayton, Lafayette, McMinnville, Amity, Ballston, Independence, Monmouth, Dallas, Rickreall, Salt Creek, Zena, Eola, Amity, Bellevue, Willamina, Grand Ronde, Sheridan, Willamette Falls, Milwaukie and back 1 time a week
Leave Portland Monday at 6 a m
Arrive at Salem by 6 p m
Leave Salem Tuesday at 6 a m
Arrive at Portland by 6 p m

1106 From Portland, by Canemah, Oregon City, Macksburg, Needy, Silverton, Mount Angel, Scotts Mills, Jefferson, Marion, Aumsville, Salem, Turner, Jefferson, Scio, Lebanon, Brownsville, Harrisburg, Junction City, Monroe, Bellfountain, Kings Valley, Philomath, Corvallis, Albany, Lebanon, Scio, Jefferson, Salem, Aumsville, Marion, Turner, Salem, Amity, Dayton, Lafayette, McMinnville, Yamhill, Dayton, Newberg, Sherwood, Tualatin, Lake Oswego and back 1 time a week
Leave Portland Monday at 6 a m
Arrive at Salem by 6 p m
Leave Salem Tuesday at 6 a m
Arrive at Portland by 6 p m

1107 From Salem, by Amanville, Brio, Lebanon, Brownsville Diamond Hill, Blue, Philomelle Forks, Springfield and Eugene City to Pleasant Hill, 88 miles and back, once a week
Leave Salem Tuesday at 6 a m
Arrive at Pleasant Hill Friday by 11 a m,
Leave Pleasant Hill Friday at 1 p m
Arrive at Salem Saturday by 6 p m

1108 From Salem, by Lincoln and Zena to Wheatland, 27 miles and back once a week
Leave Salem Monday at 7 a m
Arrive at Wheatland by 12 m
Leave Wheatland Tuesday at 2 p m
Arrive at Salem by 8 p m

1109 From Lafayette by McMinnville Bellevue, and Sheridan, to Grand Ronde, 29 miles and back once a week
Leave Lafayette Tuesday and Friday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Grand Ronde next days by 12 m.
Leave Grand Ronde Monday and Thursday at 1 p m.
Arrive at Lafayette next days by 11 a m
Proposals to commence at McMinnville, 5 miles less, invited.

15110 From Lafayette, by Dayton, Amity, Bethel, Rickreall, Dallas Bridgeport, Lobbsville and Luckiamute, to Corvallis 69 miles and back, twice a week
Leave Lafayette Tuesday and Friday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Corvallis next days at 7 p m;
Leave Corvallis Monday and Thursday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Lafayette next days by 12 m.
Proposals to commence at Corvallis, 69 miles less, invited.

15111 From Lafayette, by Mountain House and Nestucton to Tillamook, 60 miles and back, once a week
Leave Lafayette Tuesday at 2 p m;
Arrive at Tillamook Thursday by 12 m;
Leave Tillamook Thursday at 2 p m.
Arrive at Lafayette Saturday by 12 m,

15112 From Albany, by Peoria, Burlington and Harrisburg to Lancaster, 35 miles and back, twice a week
Leave Albany Monday and Thursday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Lancaster by 7 p m;
Leave Lancaster Tuesday and Friday at 6 a